HALIFAX
Cancer Incidence by Sex, 1993 - 1997
Expected and Observed Case Counts, with Standardized Incidence Ratios

	Exp	<u>Obs</u>	SIR		Exp	Obs	<u>SIR</u>	
Bladder, Urinary				Melanoma o	Melanoma of Skin			
Male	4.27	4	NC*	Male	2.60	1	NC*	
Female	1.62	2	NC*	Female	2.11	5	236	
Total	5.89	6	102	Total	4.71	6	127	
Brain and Other Central Nervous System				Multiple My	Multiple Myeloma			
Male	1.43	2	NC*	Male	0.80	0	NC*	
Female	1.25	2	NC*	Female	0.75	0	NC*	
Total	2.68	4	NC*	Total	1.54	0	NC*	
<u>Breast</u>			Non-Hodgki	Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma				
Male	0.28	0	NC*	Male	3.44	4	NC*	
Female	26.75	24	90	Female	3.06	1	NC*	
Total	27.03	24	89	Total	6.50	5	77	
Cervix Uteri				Oral Cavity	Oral Cavity and Pharynx			
				Male	2.84	4	NC*	
Female	1.75	1	NC*	Female	1.38	3	NC*	
				Total	4.23	7	166	
Colon / Rectum				<u>Ovary</u>				
Male	10.72	12	112					
Female	10.48	10	95	Female	3.23	0	NC*	
Total	21.20	22	104					
Esophagus				Pancreas	<u>Pancreas</u>			
Male	1.55	0	NC*	Male	1.62	1	NC*	
Female	0.53	0	NC*	Female	1.72	3	NC*	

Tota	1 2.08	0	NC*	Total	3.33	4	NC*	
Hodgkin's	<u>Disease</u>			Prostate				
Mal	e 0.69	0	NC*	Male	25.33	36	142	
Femal	e 0.56	0	NC*					
Tota	1.25	0	NC*					
Kidney and	d Renal Pelvis	<u>s</u>		Stomach				
Mal	e 2.50	1	NC*	Male	1.85	3	NC*	
Femal	e 1.51	3	NC*	Female	1.13	0	NC*	
Tota	4.01	4	NC*	Total	2.98	3	NC*	
<u>Larynx</u>				<u>Testis</u>				
Mal	e 1.50	0	NC*	Male	0.97	0	NC*	
Femal	e 0.43	0	NC*					
Tota	1.93	0	NC*					
<u>Leukemia</u>				Thyroid				
Mal	e 1.88	4	NC*	Male	0.53	1	NC*	
Femal	e 1.45	0	NC*	Female	1.42	1	NC*	
Tota	3.33	4	NC*	Total	1.94	2	NC*	
Liver and Intrahepatic Bile Ducts				<u>Uteri, Corp</u>	us and Uter	rus, NOS		
Mal	e 0.85	1	NC*					
Femal	e 0.36	0	NC*	Female	5.12	5	98	
Tota	1.21	1	NC*					
Lung and	<u>Bronchus</u>			All Sites / Ty	All Sites / Types			
Mal	e 13.56	12	88	Male	85.18	90	106	
Femal	e 10.45	12	115	Female	83.11	78	94	
Tota	1 24.02	24	100	Total	168.30	168	100	

Exp = expected case count, based on the Massachusetts average age-specific incidence rates for

this cancer

Obs = observed case count

SIR = standardized incidence ratio [(Obs / Exp) X 100]

- * = SIR and statistical significance not calculated when $\mathbf{Obs} < 5$
- + indicates number of observed cases is statistically significantly higher than the expected number of cases
- indicates number of observed cases is statistically significantly lower than the expected number of cases
- # indicates statistical significance at the $\mathbf{p} \le 0.05$ level
- ~ indicates statistical significance at the $\mathbf{p} \le 0.01$ level, as well as at the $\mathbf{p} \le 0.05$ level
- ^ indicates statistical significance at the $\mathbf{p} \le 0.001$ level, as well as at the $\mathbf{p} \le 0.05$ and $\mathbf{p} \le 0.01$ levels